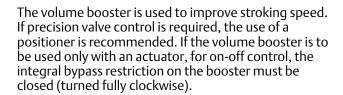
Fisher® 2625 and 2625NS Volume Boosters

A Fisher 2625 or 2625NS volume booster is used in conjunction with a positioner on a throttling control valve to increase stroking speed. The 2625NS is a nuclear-service version and uses elastomeric components that better withstand high temperature and radiation environments.

The booster incorporates fixed deadband, soft seat construction, and an integral bypass restriction to eliminate positioner saturation problems that can occur with volume boosters that do not have these features. Adjustment of the integral bypass restriction is necessary for system stability. This adjustment does not affect the deadband of the volume booster, but does permit the control valve to respond to small input signal changes without sacrificing steady-state accuracy. It also allows the booster to deliver high-volume output for fast stroking when large, rapid input signal changes occur.



Connectors and piping can be installed with either 2625 or 2625NS volume booster for diagnostic testing.

The 2625 is certified for use in Safety Instrumented System (SIS) applications. Certification is by exida Consulting LLC, a global provider of functional safety and control system security. SIS certification is identified on the product by the EXIDA logo on the 2625 nameplate.



Features

- Fast Response—Booster delivers the volume needed for rapid actuator stroking when large input changes suddenly occur.
- Adjustable Response—Integral bypass restriction tunes the booster response so that smooth actuator motion follows the slow signal changes.
- Efficient Operation—Soft seats provide tight shutoff to reduce unnecessary air consumption and eliminate saturation of positioner relays.
- Maintains Accuracy—Booster permits high actuator stroking speeds upon demand without degrading the positioner steady-state accuracy.
- SIL 3 Capable Certified for use in Safety Instrumented System (SIS) applications.





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Specifications

Supply Pressure Ranges

When used in conjunction with a positioner or other pneumatic accessory, always pipe the positioner and volume booster with one common supply through a Fisher 67D, 67DR, or 95H regulator (see figure 2). A high-capacity filter, such as the Fisher 262K, should be installed in the supply line to the regulator. Supply pressure also must not exceed the maximum pressure rating of the actuator. Constructions are available in two maximum supply ranges.

When Normally Used With Diaphragm Actuators: Up to 2.8 bar (40 psig)

When Normally Used With Piston Actuators: Up to 10.3 bar (150 psig)

Input Signal Pressure

Positioner output

Maximum Input Signal Pressure

10.3 bar (150 psig)

Fixed Input-to-Output Pressure Ratio

1 to 1

Nominal Deadband

Percent of Positioner Output Span⁽¹⁾: 2.4 mm (0.094 inch) exhaust port: 2% 9.5 mm (0.375 inch) exhaust port: 3.5% 12.7 mm (0.5 inch) exhaust port: 5%

Construction Materials

Body: Aluminum Seat Ring: Brass

Diaphragms 2625: Nitrile/nylon

2625NS: EPDM/meta-aramid

Upper and Lower Valves:

2625: Nitrile-CSM rubber/aluminum/stainless steel

2625NS: EPDM/aluminum/stainless steel O-Rings:

2625: Nitrile 2625NS: EPDM

Connectors for Diagnostic Testing: ■ Stainless steel

or **■** brass

Operative Temperature Limits⁽²⁾

2625: -40 to 71°C (-40 to 160°F) 2625NS: -40 to 93°C (-40 to 200°F)

Connections

Input Signal: 1/4 NPT Supply and Output: 3/4 NPT

Port Diameters(3)

Supply Port: \blacksquare 9.5 mm (0.375 inch) or

■ 12.7 mm (0.5 inch)

Exhaust Port: \blacksquare 2.4 mm (0.094 inch),

■ 9.5 mm (0.375 inch) or ■ 12.7 mm (0.5 inch)

Maximum Flow Coefficients

See table 1

Hazardous Area Classification

Complies with the requirements of ATEX Group II Category 2 Gas and Dust

 $(\xi \langle \xi_X \rangle)$ II 2 G D

Safety Instrumented System Classification

SIL3 capable - certified by exida Consulting LLC

Approximate Weight

2.3 kg (5 lb)

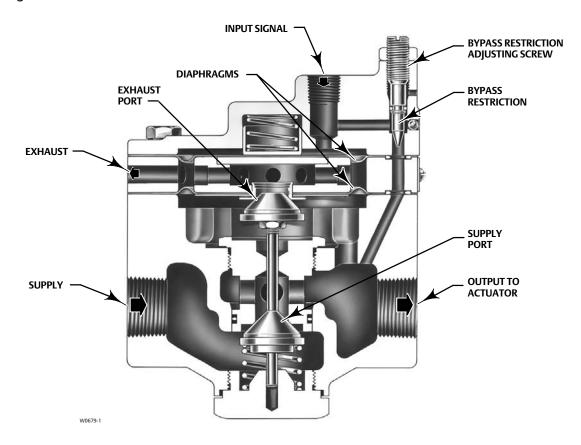
NOTE: Specialized instrument terms are defined in ANSI/ISA Standard 51.1 - Process Instrument Terminology.

NOTE: Specialized in Studies in Combination and Section 2015 (1) 2015 (2) 1. Zero to maximum supply.

2. The pressure/temperature limits in this document and any applicable code or standard should not be exceeded.

3. May be used in any combination.

Figure 1. Sectional View of Fisher 2625 Volume Booster



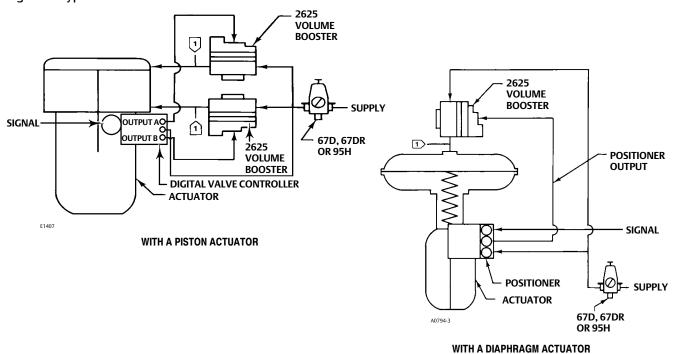
Principle of Operation

Refer to figures 1 and 2. Because of the bypass restriction, large input signal changes register on the booster input diaphragm sooner than in the actuator. A large, sudden change in input signal causes a pressure differential to exist between the input signal and the output of the booster. When this occurs, he diaphragms move to open either the supply port or the exhaust port, whichever action is required to reduce

the differential. The port remains open until the difference between the booster input and output pressures returns to within the deadband limit of the booster. With the bypass restriction adjusted for stable operation, a signal with small magnitude and rate changes passes through the bypass restriction and into the actuator without initiating booster operation.

Both supply and exhaust ports remain closed, preventing unnecessary air consumption and possible saturation of positioner relays.

Figure 2. Typical Installations



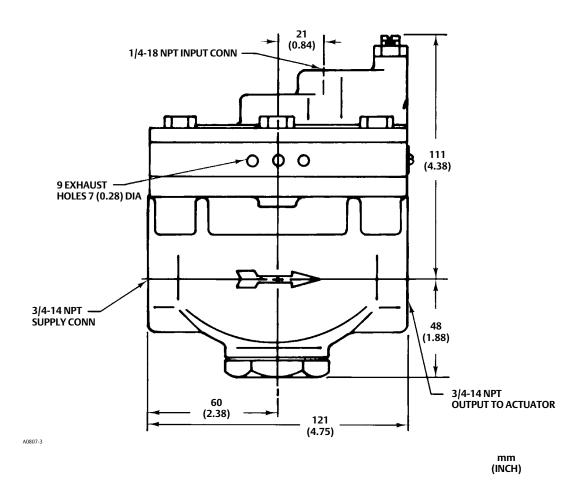
Note:

| Occupant | Note: | No

Table 1. Maximum Flow Coefficients⁽¹⁾

PORT SIZE COMBINATIONS				COEFFICIENTS	
Supply Port		Exhaust Port		Supply Port	Exhaust Port
mm	Inch	mm	Inch	C _v	C _v
		2.4	3/32	3.74	0.23
9.5	3/8	9.5	3/8	3.74	2.29
		12.7	1/2	3.74	3.40
12.7	1/2	2.4	3/32	4.98	0.24
		9.5	3/8	4.98	2.30
		12.7	1/2	4.98	3.40
FIELDVUE™ DVC6200, DVC6200 SIS, DVC6200f, DVC6200p, DVC6000, DVC6000 SIS, DVC6000f digital valve controllers				0.37	0.31
FIELDVUE DVC2000 digital valve controller					
Low Pressure Relay				0.13	0.15
High Pressure Relay				0.19	0.20
Fisher 3570 valve positioner				0.25	0.25
Fisher 3582 valve positioner				0.17	0.19
Fisher 3610J, 3610JP, 3611JP, 3620J, 3620JP, 3621JP valve positioners				0.37	0.30
1. Consult your Emerson Process Management sales office for special stroking speed requirements.					

Figure 3. Dimensions



2625NS for Nuclear Service Applications

The 2625NS volume booster uses EPDM (ethylene-propylene) elastomeric parts. These parts have superior resistance to degradation at elevated temperature and radiation levels. This version is designed for nuclear service applications where oil-free supply air is available.

Both the 2625 and 2625NS are available as safety-related items when processed using the commercial grade dedication section of the 10CFR50, Appendix B, quality assurance program. 10CFR21 reporting is also part of the safety related processing program. Seismic operability testing has been done to qualify both versions as rigid items at levels up to 9g's uniaxial (in each axis). Further nuclear service qualification data is available on request.

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Installation

Figure 2 shows typical installations for the 2625 or 2625NS volume booster on piston and diaphragm actuators. A single regulator that supplies both the positioner and booster (or boosters) is recommended. The supply medium must be clean, dry, oil-free air or non-corrosive gas.

Note

Use a clean, dry, oil-free air supply with instruments containing EPDM components. EPDM is subject to degradation when exposed to petroleum-base lubricants.

Keep in mind that many actuators require larger casing or cylinder connections to take full advantage of the booster's ability to deliver its high-volume output. Dimensions are shown in figure 3. Ensure that the supply pressure is connected to correspond with the flow arrow on the booster.

Ordering Information

When ordering, specify:

- Supply and exhaust port sizes. See table 1 for Cv values.
- 2. Supply pressure range of up to 2.8 bar (40 psig) or up to 10.3 bar (150 psig).
- Stroking speed information when being mounted at the factory, for proper tuning of the instruments.
 Specify either critical or non-critical stroke speed time.

Note

Critical stroke speed time example: Valve to stroke in both directions in 4 seconds or less.

Non-critical stroke speed time example: Valve to stroke in approximately 4 seconds in both directions.

4. Nuclear service, if applicable. Consult your Emerson Process Management sales office for ordering assistance.

Product Bulletin

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